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2	HOLLOWAY ODEGARD FORREST & KELLY, P.C. 3101 North Central Avenue, Suite 1200				
3	Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 240-6670				
4					
5	Attorneys for Defendants City of Phoenix, H	farris, Henry and Scott			
6	IN THE UNITED STA	TES DISTRICT COURT			
7	FOR THE DISTR	ICT OF ARIZONA			
8	Pinkhas and Isabella Brik, on behalf of Igor Brik, a protected adult; Pinkhas and Isabella Brik, husband and wife,	Case No:			
10	Plaintiffs,				
11	v.	NOTICE OF REMOVAL			
12	Maricopa County, a public entity; Joseph M. Arpaio, in his official and	THO FIEL OF REMOVIE			
13	individual capacity, and Ava Arpaio, his wife; City of Phoenix, a public				
14	entity; Jack F. Harris, in his official and individual capacity, and Connie				
15	Harris, his wife; Shawn Henry, in his official and individual capacity, and Jane				
16	Doe Henry, his wife; Craig Scott, in his official and individual capacity, and Jane				
17	Doe Scott, his wife; John and Jane Doe Officers; John and Jane Doe Supervisors;				
18	John Does I-X and Jane Does I-X; Black Corporations I-X; White Entities I-X,				
19	Defendants.				
20	Defendants.				
21					
22	Defendants City of Phoenix, Harris,	Henry and Scott hereby file this Notice of			
23	Removal to remove this case from the Superior Court of Arizona, in and for the County of				
24	Maricopa, to the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, and submits the				
25	following statement as the grounds for removal:				
26	1. On July 7, 2009, plaintiffs filed this action in the Superior Court of Arizona				
27	in and for the County of Maricopa, against City of Phoenix, Harris, Henry and Scott. The				

cause has been assigned cause no. CV2009-092267. That complaint is attached hereto as a part of Exhibit A.

- 2. The complaint is a civil action alleging a claim of damages pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988 for an alleged violation of rights protected by the Constitution and laws of the United States of America, as well as state law claims.
- 3. A copy of this notice of removal is being contemporaneously filed with the Clerk of the Superior Court of Maricopa County, Arizona, and also served on counsel for the plaintiffs.

GROUNDS FOR REMOVAL

- 4. The United States District Court has jurisdiction of this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, as plaintiffs' complaint asserts claims under the laws and Constitution of the United States.
- 5. This action is removed to the United States District Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1441 (a), (b) and (c).
- 6. Plaintiffs' complaint alleges federal statutory claims based upon an alleged violation of the plaintiffs' constitutional rights as guaranteed by the 4th, 8th and 14th Amendments to the Constitution of the United States.
- 7. Undersigned counsel has conferred with counsel for all of the defendants in this matter. All defendants consent to the removal of this action.

TIMELINESS OF REMOVAL

- 8. This notice of removal is timely pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b), in that plaintiffs filed their original complaint on July 7, 2009, and served the complaint on defendants City of Phoenix and Harris on July 31, 2009, on defendants Maricopa County and Arpaio, and on defendants Henry and Scott on August 5, 2009.
- 9. The time within which to remove this matter, or respond to the complaint as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b), has not yet expired.

1 ATTACHMENT OF STATE COURT PLEADINGS 2 10. As required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), copies of all process, pleadings and 3 orders served upon these removing defendants are attached hereto as Exhibit A. 11. As required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d), notice of this removal has been given to 4 5 all adverse parties. The undersigned has filed, simultaneously herewith, a copy of this 6 notice of removal with the Clerk of the Superior Court of the State of Arizona in and for 7 the County of Maricopa. (Exhibit B.) DATED this 24th day of August, 2009. 8 9 HOLLOWAY ODEGARD FORREST & KELLY, P.C. 10 11 12 By s/Paul W. Holloway Paul W. Holloway 13 Larry J. Wulkan 3101 North Central Avenue, Suite 1200 14 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 15 Attorneys for Defendants City of Phoenix, Harris, Henry and Scott 16 17 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 18 I certify that on the 24th day of August, 2009, I electronically transmitted the 19 attached document to the Clerk's Office using the CM/ECF system for filing and 20 21 transmittal of a Notice of Electronic Filing to the following CM/ECF registrants: 22 Jeremy S. Geigle, Esq. Jared E. Everton, Esq. 23 JACKSON WHÍTE 40 North Center Street, Suite 200 24 Mesa, Arizona 85201 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 25 26 27

1	Robin E. Burgess, Esq.
2	SANDERS & PARKS, P.C. 3030 North Third Street, Suite 1300
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4	Attorneys for Defendant Maricopa County
5	Richard A. Stewart, Esq. MARICOPA COUNTY OFFICE OF
6	SPECIAL LITIGATION SERVICES
7	234 North Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004
8	Attorneys for Defendants Arpaio
9	
10	s/Carlette M. Stevens
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EXHIBIT A

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1	T	JUL - 7 2009
1	JACKSONWHITE	Signal Superior distributi 98
2	ATTORNEYS AT LAW	
3	A Professional Corporation	
4	40 North Center, Suite 200 Mesa, Arizona 85201	
	(480) 464-1111	
3	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Email: centraldocket@jacksonwhitelaw.com	
6	By: Jeremy S. Geigle, No. 021786 Jared E. Everton, No. 021070	
7	Ryan K. Hodges, No. 026639	
8	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF	
9	IN AND FOR THE COU	
	PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK on behalf	64200
11	of IGOR BRIK, a protected adult; PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK, husband and wife,	No
12	Plaintiffs,	COMPLAINT
13	v.	(Tort Non Motor Vehicle;
14	MARICOPA COUNTY, a public entity; JOSEPH M. ARPAIO, in his official and	Violation of Civil Rights - 42 U.S.C. § 1983)
15	lindividual capacity, and AVA ARPAIO, his	
16	wife; CITY OF PHOENIX, a public entity; JACK F. HARRIS, in his official and	
	individual capacity, and CONNIE HARRIS, his wife; SHAWN HENRY, in his official and	Jury Trial Requested
	individual capacity, and JANE DOE HENRY,	outy 11 tat 100 question
18	his wife; CRAIG SCOTT, in his official and individual capacity, and JANE DOE SCOTT,	
19	his wife; JOHN and JANE DOE OFFICERS;	
20	JOHN and JANE DOE SUPERVISORS; JOHN DOES I-X and JANE DOES I-X;	
21	BLACK CORPORATIONS I-X; WHITE ENTITIES I-X,	
		·
22	Defendants.	
23	Plaintiffs Pinkhas Brik and Isabella Brik,	, as husband and wife and on behalf of their
24	incapacitated son, Igor Brik, allege as follows:	

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

Maricopa County is a public entity, formed and designated as such pursuant to

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Title 11, of the Arizona Revised Statutes. It is subject to civil suit and may be held independently and vicariously liable for the wrongful conduct of its officers and employees, including the individual members of the Maricopa County Board of Supervisors, the officers and employees of 4 lits divisions, and the Maricopa County Sheriff's Office ("MCSO") (Maricopa County and the MCSO are collectively referred to as the "County").

- Sheriff Joseph M. Arpaio ("Arpaio") was, at the time of the events complained of 2. 7 herein, the duly elected sheriff of Maricopa County. In such capacity, Arpaio was an officer, agent, and employee of the County. His wrongful actions constitute actions of the County, and the County is also vicariously and directly liable for his wrongful conduct.
- The City of Phoenix is a public entity, formed and designated as such pursuant to 3. Title 11, of the Arizona Revised Statutes. It is subject to civil suit and may be held independently and vicariously liable for the wrongful conduct of its officers and employees, including the 13 || individual members of the City Council, the officers and employees of its divisions, and the Phoenix 14 || Police Department ("PPD") (Phoenix and the PPD are collectively referred to as the "City").
- Police Chief Jack Harris ("Harris") was, at the time of the events complained of 16 herein, the duly appointed police chief of Phoenix. In such capacity, Harris was an officer, agent, and employee of the City. His wrongful actions constitute actions of the City, and the City is also vicariously and directly liable for his wrongful conduct.
 - The defendants designated herein as John and Jane Doe Officers are MCSO and PPD 5. officers that were on duty from July 10, 2008, through July 14, 2008, and who had any responsibility whatsoever regarding the arrest and detention of Igor Brik or the supervision of Officer Scott, Officer Henry, or other officers in charge of Igor Brik.
- The defendants designated herein as John and Jane Doe Supervisors are MCSO and 6. PPD supervisors, commanders, or any other managers of the MCSO or PPD who had any 25 responsibility whatsoever for training and supervising MCSO and PPD employees working from July 10, 2008, through July 14, 2008.

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- Defendant Shawn Henry, Badge No. 6506, was an agent and employee of the City and 7. 2||was acting within the course and scope of his employment with the City and under color of law on 3 | July 10, 2008, at the time of the events which are the basis for this lawsuit.
 - Defendant Craig Scott, Badge No. 4476, was an agent and employee of the City and 8. was acting within the course and scope of his employment with the City and under color of law on July 10, 2008, at the time of the events which are the basis for this lawsuit.
 - The defendants designated as John and Jane Doe spouses, Connie Harris, and Ava 9. Arpaio are the spouses of the respective defendants and are so designated because the wrongful conduct of defendants was engaged in for the benefit of their marital communities, thus rendering the spouses and marital communities of defendants liable for such conduct.
- The true names, capacities, and relationships, whether individual, corporate, 10. partnership, or otherwise of all John and Jane Doe Defendants, Black Corporations I-X, and White 13 Entities I-X are unknown at the time of filing this Complaint. The plaintiffs further allege that all of the fictitiously named defendants were jointly responsible for the actions and events underlying this lawsuit and that they proximately caused the damages stated in this Complaint.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- This lawsuit asserts claims for relief for violations of constitutional rights under 11. 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988 and for violations of Arizona law.
- This Court has jurisdiction over the plaintiffs' state and federal claims pursuant to 12. Article 6, Section 14 of the Arizona Constitution. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-401, as the parties are residents of Maricopa County, Arizona, and the events underlying this lawsuit occurred in Maricopa County.

FACTUAL BASIS FOR CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

Igor Brik was born on March 22, 1969. Early in his life, doctors diagnosed him with 13. 25 | tuberous sclerosis, epilepsy, and cognitive deficits. Consequently, he has the mental capacity of a seven year old. His IQ has been tested at 55 and 57.

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- 1 14. Igor attended an day care program provided by United Cerebral Palsy ("UCP") for the mentally handicapped. Igor has been described as being a very calm person unless he becomes unstable on his seizure medications. At times after suffering a series of seizures, Igor's mental and behavioral stability can decline.
 - 15. On the morning of July 10, 2008, Igor did not want to go to the day care program. Igor was upset and refused to leave the house.
 - 16. His parents, Pinkhas and Isabella, called the UCP and the Division of Developmental Disabilities to counsel with them regarding Igor's mental instability. The UCP recommended that they call Terros, a crisis counseling center, to get a counselor to help.
 - 17. In response, the dispatcher at Terros said that a counselor would be dispatched to assist the family in helping Igor. The family contacted Terros. Terros explained that they would require a police escort to protect the counselor and Igor from any harm.
 - 18. The Terros dispatcher specifically warned the police that this was a mentally disabled person and not to go into the house without a request from the Terros counselor.
 - 19. Pinkhas and Isabella waited outside the house for the counselor, but the police arrived first. Officer Shawn Henry and Officer Craig Scott immediately and aggressively approached Pinkhas assuming he was Igor. They even said to Pinkhas, "Igor stand back!" Pinkhas was finally able to explain that he was Igor's father and that Igor was lying on his bed in the house.
 - 20. The police then demanded to be let into the house even though the Terros counselor had not yet arrived. Intimidated by the police officers, Pinkhas allowed them to enter his home, and the officers told Pinkhas to wait outside.
 - 21. The officers entered Igor's room and found him lying on his bed looking at a book. Igor was confused by the officers' presence and became very frightened.
 - 22. Upon information and belief, the dispatcher told the police that Igor was mentally handicapped, and explained to them that they were to be present for precautionary reasons.
 - 23. Igor became frightened and combatant. The officers wrestled Igor to the ground, used

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their tazer stungun weapons multiple times on him, and handcuffed Igor.

- The officers took Igor out of the house barefoot and in his underwear. He was 24. screaming in pain, and his parents tried to explain his condition to the officers and pled with them 4 to stop.
 - The fire department came, evaluated Igor and determined that he needed to go to the 25. hospital because his heart was racing at more than 200 beats per minute.
 - Confused by the events, Igor struggled against the police, and they slammed him on 26. the ground, causing an inch long laceration over his right eyebrow.
- The Terros counselor finally arrived and was confused as to what had happened. He 27. 10 was confused because the dispatcher had specifically told the police that the police were to serve as escorts and that they were not to enter the home unless the counselor asked for assistance. He 12 was further confused as to why the officers arrested Igor.
- Igor took several different medications to regulate his behavior and his epileptic 28. 14 seizures.
- While Igor was in the hospital, his brother-in-law called the Department of 29. 16 Developmental Disabilities ("DDD") regarding his medication. The DDD coordinator said she faxed information about Igor's medications to the County jail, and the fax specifically stated that the medication was required to control Igor's seizures.
 - The DDD coordinator also said that Igor should be placed in the psychiatric unit and 30. not in general population.
 - Before Igor was taken to jail, his parents confirmed with the officers that he would 31. be given the appropriate medication.
 - On July 12, 2008, Igor was in custody at the County jail. 32.
- The prison medical department telephoned Pinkhas Brik for clarification on Igor's 33. 25 medication. The message indicated that Igor had not been given his medication since July 10, even though the family and the Department of Developmental Disabilities made it very clear that Igor

1 needed his medication daily.

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- Igor's sister called the jail's medical department to explain the situation, and the 34. supervisor there confirmed that Igor had not received his medication and that Igor was being treated like all the other prisoners and held in general population.
 - On July 14, 2008, Igor's parents went to the jail to have him released on bail. 35.
- When he was finally released in the early hours of July 15, he was rushed to a hospital 36. emergency room where he was placed on life support.
- While in custody, Igor suffered multiple seizures because he did not receive his 37. medication.
- When Igor arrived at the hospital, he had acute respiratory failure and had to be 38. 11 | intubated. He had bruises and scratches on almost every part of his body. His face was swollen, cut, and bruised.
 - Igor was in the hospital for two weeks and on life support for most of the stay. He was 39. discharged into an acute rehabilitation facility for a week.
 - To this day, Igor continues to suffer from the effects of being arrested and incarcerated 40. without his required medical care.
- The criminal charges were dropped because, as UCP originally told the police, Igor 41. 18 is mentally handicapped. The psychologist who evaluated his fitness for trial determined that he was 19 ||incompetent to stand trial and would never be competent. He has the mind of a child, and this 20 experience has caused him to digress even further.
 - Igor does not understand many of the simple things that he understood before this 42. lincident. He has stopped talking and interacting, is less responsive, and is very withdrawn.
- Igor is now taking additional heart medication that was not required before this 43. 24 lincident, and he is experiencing many more seizures than he previously experienced.
 - Igor has also become more violent since his incarceration. His parents have had to place him in a group home because they can no longer care for him at their home, and they fear that

1 he may hurt them.

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- Igor is also taking new medication to control aggressive and inconsistent behavior that 45. developed after this experience. He can quickly become physically dangerous.
- Igor has repressed the events surrounding his arrest, jail stay, and hospital stay. He 46. also likely now suffers from Post Traumatic Stress Disorder.
- Igor, Pinkhas, and Isabella continue to suffer emotionally from the officers' attack and 47. arrest of Igor.
- These events took place in the direct and immediate presence of Pinkhas and Isabella 48. Brik, Igor's parents. They were horrified at the sight of their mentally handicapped son being dragged away from their home.
- Theses events have caused severe physical and emotional damage to each member of 49. the Brik family.
- Plaintiffs filed a timely Notice of Claim pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-821.01 addressing 50. 14 the deprivation of civil rights and related state claims, which is a condition precedent to filing the state law claims in this suit.
 - The City responded requesting additional information, which the Briks provided. The 51. City then denied the claim.
 - The County failed to respond to the Notice of Claim within the sixty day time period. 52.
 - The defendants have not otherwise resolved the state law claims as stated herein. 53.
 - All conditions precedent to file this instant action have been met. 54.
 - Each of the defendants is a state actor. 55.
 - As it applies to each cause of action that follows, each individual defendant is sued 56. in his individual capacity and has undertaken state action and has acted under "color of law," as defined by case law.
 - Each act alleged herein was committed with deliberate indifference to plaintiffs' 57. constitutional rights unless that standard is different for the constitutional violation alleged and is

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otherwise specified in the separately pled cause of action.

- The plaintiffs have suffered injury as a result of each act alleged herein, including but 58. not limited to humiliation and degradation, pain and suffering, loss of liberty, physical injuries and other damages authorized by law.
- These injuries were directly and proximately caused by the wrongful acts committed 59. with deliberate indifference to clearly established constitutional rights.
- Punitive damages are sought for the abhorrent behavior of the individual defendants 60. 8 || in this case since the violation of the plaintiffs' rights was willful or malicious; the individual defendants' acts were intentional and were carried out in gross disregard of plaintiffs' rights; and the defendants recklessly disregarded whether or not their actions violated plaintiffs' rights. Defendants acted with an evil mind. Defendants intended to cause injury to plaintiffs.
 - Defendants' wrongful conduct was motivated by spite or ill will. Defendants acted 61. to serve their own interests, having reason to know and consciously disregarding a substantial risk that their conduct might significantly injure the rights of plaintiffs. Defendants consciously pursued a course of conduct knowing that it created a substantial risk of significant harm to plaintiffs.
 - Each cause of action and the corresponding damages were foreseeable. Each action 62. was the legal cause in fact and in law of the corresponding damages.

42 U.S.C. § 1983 AGAINST INDIVIDUAL OFFICERS

- All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are 63. incorporated herein.
- Igor Brik was detained on July 10, 2008, without either reasonable suspicion or 64. probable cause.
 - The initial detention was done without any articulable suspicion of criminality. 65.
- Igor was seized at all times material hereto as defined by United States Constitution, 66. 25 Amendment IV.
 - Excessive force was used by Officer Henry and Officer Scott in violation of the City's 67.

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- The officers' conduct constitutes unreasonable and excessive force in violation of 68. United States Constitution, Amendment IV.
- The officers' conduct resulted in injuries to Igor. Igor received more than de minimis 69. injuries.
- There was no justification for touching Igor. Igor did not pose a threat of physical 70. harm to the officers before they entered the house. The officers were not acting in self-defense or defense of other persons.
 - There was an absence of probable cause for Igor's arrest and detention. 71.
- Igor was in custody at the County jail when he did not receive his required medication 72. and he suffered multiple seizures as a result, all of which resulted in injuries and damages described 12 herein.
 - The unknown detention officers' conduct in denying him medication and not 73. protecting him while in custody constitutes cruel and unusual punishment in violation of United States Constitution, Amendment VIII.
 - The detention officers' conduct resulted in injuries to Igor. Igor received more than 74. de minimis injuries.
 - 75. The officers and detention officers acted with malice.
 - The wrongful conduct of the officers, as alleged herein, constitutes violations under 76. color of state law of Title 42, U.S.C. § 1983. The officers, with deliberate and callous indifference, deprived Igor of the rights, privileges and immunities secured to him by the Constitution and laws of United States.
 - The wrongful conduct of the officers, as alleged herein and under color of state law, 77. constitutes violations of the United States Constitution, Art. IV, Section 2, in that Igor was denied privileges and immunities granted to all citizens of the United States.
 - The wrongful conduct of the officers, as alleged herein and under color of state law, 78.

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1 || constitutes violations of the United States Constitution, Amendment VIII, in that the officers created conditions that violated Igor's rights to humane treatment.

- The wrongful conduct of the officers, as alleged herein and under color of state law, 79. constitutes violations of the United States Constitution, Amendment XIV, in that Igor was deprived of privileges and immunities guaranteed to all citizens of the United States, was deprived of his liberty without due process of law, and was denied the equal protection of the law.
- The officers' conduct and omissions are of such nature and extent to justify an award 80. of punitive damages under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- Pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 1988, plaintiffs are entitled to recover 81. attorneys' fees as to the causes of action alleged under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

42 U.S.C. § 1983 AGAINST CHIEF HARRIS AND SHERIFF ARPAIO

- All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are 82. 14 incorporated herein.
- Chief Harris and Sheriff Arpaio are legally responsible for the management of their 83. 16 law enforcement personnel. They are legally responsible for the screening, hiring, training, supervising, and retaining of their employees who have responsibility for providing security to the 18 public and to detainees.
 - Chief Harris and Sheriff Arpaio failed to properly supervise and control their 84. subordinates.
 - This lack of supervision and control caused Igor's injuries. Igor received more than 85. de minimis injuries.
 - The wrongful conduct of Chief Harris and Sheriff Arpaio, as alleged herein, 86. constitutes violations under color of state law of Title 42, U.S.C. § 1983. They, with deliberate and callous indifference, deprived Igor of the rights, privileges and immunities secured to him by the Constitution and laws of United States.

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- 87. Under Chief Harris's supervision, excessive force was used by Officer Henry and Officer Scott in violation of the United States Constitution, Amendment IV.
- Under Sheriff Arpaio, the unknown detention officers' conduct in denying Igor 88. 4 medication and not protecting him while in custody constitutes cruel and unusual punishment in violation of United States Constitution, Amendment VIII.
- 89. Harris's and Arpaio's conduct and omissions are of such nature and extent to justify 7 an award of punitive damages under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- Pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 1988, plaintiffs are entitled to recover 90. 9 attorneys' fees as to the causes of action alleged under the Constitution and laws of the United 10||States.

42 U.S.C. § 1983 AGAINST PHOENIX AND MARICOPA COUNTY

- 91. All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
- The City and County are legally responsible for the management of their law 92. 15 enforcement personnel and the establishment and implementation of policies, procedures, and 16 protocols that govern interactions with citizens and detainees. Their responsibilities include ensuring that these policies, procedures, and protocols satisfy all federal and state standards.
 - 93. The City developed and maintained policies or customs exhibiting deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of persons in Phoenix, particularly regarding police interactions with mentally handicapped adults.
 - 94. The County developed and maintained policies or customs exhibiting deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of persons held by County jails, particularly regarding detention and medical treatment of mentally handicapped adults.
 - 95. The City and County also developed and maintained policies or customs of inadequately training and supervising its officers, including the defendant officers, thereby failing to adequately discourage constitutional violations. The City and County did not require appropriate

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1 lin-service training or re-training of officers in dealing with mentally handicapped adults.

- As a result of the above described policies and customs, police officers of the City and 96. detention officers of the County, including the defendant officers, violate the rights of some of the 4 mentally handicapped adults who they detain, arrest, and hold in jail.
 - 97. The policies and customs also lead the City and County officers, including the defendant officers, to believe that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
 - The policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the 98. policymakers of the City and County to the constitutional rights of people in Phoenix and Maricopa County.
 - These policy ramifications were known to the City and County and were disregarded 99. due to deliberate indifference to the rights of the citizens of the City of Phoenix and Maricopa County.
 - The City's and County's policies or customs caused the violation of Igor's rights. 100.
 - The City's and County's policies or customs caused Igor's injuries. Igor received more than *de minimis* injuries.
 - The rights violated by the City's and County's policies and customs were clearly established at the time of the injuries.

ASSAULT/BATTERY

- 103. All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
- Officer Henry and Officer Scott intentionally put Igor Brik in reasonable apprehension of immediate harmful or offensive contact.
 - Defendant officers intentionally grabbed and manhandled Igor, causing injury. 105.
 - Igor did not consent to these acts and neither did his parents. 106.
 - Defendant officers caused Igor damages by their harmful and offensive contact, 107.

including but not limited to, pain and suffering, cuts, bruises, humiliation, intense fear, and other damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

108. The City is vicariously liable for the assault and battery by the defendant officers as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the City at the time of the incident.

FALSE ARREST & IMPRISONMENT

- 109. All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
- 110. On July 10, 2008, through July 14, 2008, defendant officers acted with the intent to confine Igor Brik within boundaries fixed by defendant officers.
 - 111. Defendant officers' acts directly resulted in confining Igor.
 - 112. Igor was conscious of the confinement and was harmed by it.
 - 113. Igor did not consent to the confinement.
- 114. Igor was damaged by the false arrest and imprisonment by the defendant officers in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 115. The City is vicariously liable for the false arrest by the defendant officers as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the City at the time of the incident.
- as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the County at the time of the incident.

NEGLIGENCE AND GROSS NEGLIGENCE

- 117. All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
- 118. The wrongful conduct of defendants officers as alleged herein constitutes negligence and gross negligence under the common law of the State of Arizona, in that defendant officers breached their duty of care to protect Igor from unreasonable risks of harm and to provide a safe environment.
 - 119. The wrongful conduct of defendants officers as alleged herein constitutes negligence

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1 and gross negligence, and wanton, willful and malicious conduct, in that defendant officers acted 2 in a way that they knew, or had reason to know, created unreasonable risks of serious bodily harm 3 to Igor, and that defendant officers knew there was a high probability that substantial harm would 4 result when they attacked Igor.

- 120. The wrongful conduct of Chief Harris and Sheriff Arpaio as alleged herein constitutes negligence and gross negligence under the common law of the State of Arizona, in that defendants Chief Harris and Sheriff Arpaio breached their duty of care to protect Igor from unreasonable risks of harm and to provide a safe environment by not properly hiring, supervising, and training their officers.
- As a direct and proximate result of the wrongful conduct of defendants, as alleged herein, Igor Brik has suffered severe pain, physical injuries, and mental trauma.
- As a direct and proximate result of the wrongful conduct of defendants, as alleged 13 herein, Pinkhas Brik and Isabella has suffered severe mental and emotional damages as a result of 14 helplessly watching their handicapped son be ruthlessly attacked and imprisoned without proper 15 medical care.
 - 123. The City is vicariously liable for the negligence of the defendant officers and Chief Harris as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the City at the time of the incident.
 - 124. The County is vicariously liable for the negligence of the defendant officers and Sheriff Arpaio as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the County at the time of the incident.

NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
- Officer Henry's and Officer Scott's actions amount to negligence and gross negligence 126. as described herein, and such negligence and gross negligence created an unreasonable risk of bodily

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harm to Igor as he was beaten, tasered, and arrested.

- 127. Defendant officers' negligence and gross negligence also created an unreasonable risk of bodily harm to Pinkhas and Isabella Brik.
- 128. Defendant officers' negligence and gross negligence actually caused bodily harm to Igor, which bodily harm and events causing such harm were directly witnessed by Pinkhas and Isabella, causing them to suffer emotional distress and anguish.
- 129. Defendant officers' negligence and gross negligence also caused Igor to suffer emotional distress and anguish.
- Plaintiffs' emotional distress has resulted in physical injury in that each of the plaintiffs have suffered from anxiety, nervousness, and depression since the time of the incident.
- The City is vicariously liable for the negligent infliction of emotional stress by the 131. 12 defendant officers as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the City at the time of the incident.

INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
- Officer Henry and Officer Scott intentionally or recklessly injured plaintiffs as described herein.
- Officer Henry and Officer Scott conduct was extreme and outrageous in that they assaulted Igor, a mental handicapped man with the mind of a seven year old, after they were told that they were only to intervene upon request from the Terros counselor. The officers knew Igor's parents were in the immediate proximity to witness this attack on their child.
- The unknown detention officers intentionally or recklessly also injured plaintiffs as described herein.
- 136. The detention officers' conduct was extreme and outrageous in that they denied essential medication to Igor after they were told by several different people, including the plaintiffs

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and hospital, that he needed the medication to prevent serious seizures. The detention officers knew Igor's parents were aware of the situation and calling the jail regularly to inquire as to Igor's state.

- 137. The officers' conduct has caused plaintiffs to suffer severe emotional distress as described herein.
- 138. The City is vicariously liable for the intentional infliction of emotional distress by the defendant officers as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the City at the time of the incident.
- 139. The County is vicariously liable for the intentional infliction of emotional distress by the defendant officers as they were acting within the scope of their employment with the County at the time of the incident.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES

- 140. All allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein.
 - 141. The officers acted with an evil mind.
 - 142. The officers intended to cause injury to plaintiffs.
 - 143. The officers' wrongful conduct was motivated by spite or ill will.
- 144. The officers acted to serve their own interests, having reason to know and consciously disregarding a substantial risk that their conduct might significantly injure the rights of plaintiffs.
- 145. The officers consciously pursued a course of conduct knowing that it created a substantial risk of significant harm to plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against the Defendants as follows:

- A. General damages in an amount to be determined at trial;
- B. Punitive damages in an amount deemed just and reasonable against individual officers, Chief Harris, and Sheriff Arpaio as to the causes of action alleged herein;
- C. Attorneys' fees as to the causes of action alleged under the Constitution and laws of the United States;

Costs of litigation; and D.

Such other and further relief which the Court and/or jury may deem just and E. reasonable under the circumstances.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 7th day of July, 2009.

JACKSON WHITE, P.C.

By

Jared E. Everton
Ryan Hodges
40 N. Center Street, Suite 200
Mesa, Arizona 85201
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

ACKSONWHITE ATTORNEYS AT LAW A Professional Corporation

40 North Center, Suite 200

Mesa, Arizona 85201 (480) 464-1111

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5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Jeremy S. Geigle, No. 021786 By: Jared E. Everton, No. 021070 Ryan K. Hodges, No. 026639

Email: centraldocket@jacksonwhitelaw.com

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA

10	PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK on behalf
11	of IGOR BRIK, a protected adult; PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK, husband and wife,
12	Plaintiffs,
13	v.
14	MARICOPA COUNTY, a public entity; JOSEPH M. ARPAIO, in his official and
15	individual capacity, and AVA ARPAIO, his wife; CITY OF PHOENIX, a public entity;
16	JACK F. HARRIS, in his official and
17	individual capacity, and CONNIE HARRIS, his wife; SHAWN HENRY, in his official and
18	individual capacity, and JANE DOE HENRY, his wife; CRAIG SCOTT, in his official and individual capacity, and JANE DOE SCOTT,
19	his wife: JOHN and JANE DOE OFFICERS:
20	JOHN and JANE DOE SUPERVISORS; JOHN DOES I-X and JANE DOES I-X;
	BLACK CORPORATIONS I-X; WHITE ENTITIES I-X,
22	Defendants.

26 of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure.

No.	 	

CERTIFICATE ON COMPULSORY ARBITRATION

23

The undersigned, attorney for Plaintiff, certifies that he knows the dollar limits and any other 24 limitations set forth by the local rules of practice for the applicable superior court, and further 25 certifies that this case is not subject to compulsory arbitration as provided by Rules 72 through 77

DATED this 7th day of July, 2009.

JACKSON WHITE

By

Jeremy 8. Geigle
Jared E. Everton
Ryan K. Hodges
40 N. Center Street, Suite 200
Mesa, Arizona 85201
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

JACKSONWHITE ATTORNEYS AT LAW

A Professional Corporation

40 North Center, Suite 200 Mesa, Arizona 85201 (480) 464-1111

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Email: centraldocket@jacksonwhitelaw.com

Jeremy S. Geigle, No. 021786 By: Jared E. Everton, No. 021070 Ryan K. Hodges, No. 026639

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA

PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK on behalf of IGOR BRIK, a protected adult; PINKHAS 11 and ISABELLA BRIK, husband and wife,

Plaintiffs,

13 || v.

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14 MARICOPA COUNTY, a public entity; JOSEPH M. ARPAIO, in his official and

15 individual capacity, and AVA ARPAIO, his wife; <u>CITY OF PHOENIX</u>, a public entity;

16 JACK F. HARRIS, in his official and individual capacity, and CONNIE HARRIS,

17 his wife; SHAWN HENRY, in his official and individual capacity, and JANE DOE HENRY,

18 his wife; CRAIG SCOTT, in his official and individual capacity, and JANE DOE SCOTT,

his wife; JOHN and JANE DOE OFFICERS; JOHN and JANE DOE SUPERVISORS;

JOHN DOES I-X and JANE DOES I-X:

BLACK CORPORATIONS I-X; WHITE ENTITIES I-X, 21

Defendants.

CV2009-092267

SUMMONS

No.

If you want the advice of a lawyer, you may wish to contact the Lawyer Referral Service at 602-257-4434 or on-line at www.lawyerfinders.org. LRS is sponsored by the Maricopa County Bar Association.

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THE STATE OF ARIZONA TO THE DEFENDANTS:

MARICOPA COUNTY, a public entity

c/o Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, 301 W. Jefferson, 10th Floor, Phoenix, Arizona 85003

c/o Peter Crowley, Manager, Maricopa County Risk Management 222 N. Central Ave., #1110, Phoenix, Arizona 85004

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JOSEPH M. ARPAIO, in his official and individual capacity. and AVA ARPAIO, his wife

100 W. Washington Street, #1900, Phoenix, Arizona 85003

CITY OF PHOENIX, a public entity;

Phoenix City Council and Phoenix Risk Management Dept. c/o City Clerk 200 W. Washington St., 15th Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85003

JACK F. HARRIS, in his official and individual capacity, and CONNIE HARRIS, his wife

620 W. Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85003

SHAWN HENRY, in his official (Phoenix PD Badge # 6506) and individual capacity, and JANE DOE HENRY, his wife

Phoenix Police Department 620 W. Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85003

CRAIG SCOTT, in his official (Phoenix PD Badge # 4476) and individual capacity, and JANE DOE SCOTT, his wife

Phoenix Police Department 620 W. Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85003

JOHN and JANE DOE OFFICERS; JOHN and JANE DOE SUPERVISORS; JOHN DOES I-X and JANE DOES I-X: BLACK CORPORATIONS I-X; WHITE ENTITIES I-X

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to appear and defend, within the time applicable, in this action in this Court. If served within Arizona, you shall appear and defend within 18 twenty (20) days after the service of the Summons and Complaint upon you, exclusive of the day of service. If served out of the State of Arizona--whether by direct service, by registered or certified 19 mail, or by publication--you shall appear and defend within thirty (30) days after the service of the Summons and Complaint upon you is complete, exclusive of the day of service. Where process is 20 served upon the Arizona Director of Insurance as an insurer's attorney to receive service of legal process against it in this state, the insurer shall not be required to appear, answer or plead until expiration of 40 days after date of such service upon the Director. Service by registered or certified mail without the State of Arizona is complete thirty (30) days after receipt of service. Service by publication is completed thirty (30) days after the date of first publication. Direct service is complete when made. Service upon the Arizona Motor Vehicle Superintendent is complete thirty 23 (30) days after filing the Affidavit of Compliance and return receipt or Officer's Return. RCP 4, ARS §20-222, 28-502, 28-503.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that in case of your failure to appear and defend within the time applicable, judgment by default may be rendered against you for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

	. Case 2:09-cv-01758-DGC Document 1-1 Filed 08/24/09 Page 23 of 23					
	YOU ARE CAUTIONED that in order to appear and defend, you must file an Answer or proper response in writing with the Clerk of this Court, accompanied by the necessary filing fee, within the time required. You are required to serve a copy of any response upon the Plaintiffs' attorney. RCP 10(d), ARS §12-311, RCP 5.					
	The names and address of Plaintiffs' attorneys are:					
	Jeremy S. Geigle, Jared E. Everton, and/or Ryan K. Hodges JACKSON WHITE 40 N. Center St., Suite 200 Mesa, Arizona 85201					
	REQUESTS FOR REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES MUST BE MADE TO THE DIVISION ASSIGNED TO THE CASE BY PARTIES AT LEAST 3 JUDICIAL DAYS IN ADVANCE OF A SCHEDULED COURT PROCEEDING.					
	SIGNED AND SEALED this date:					
	MICHAEL JEANES, Clerk of the Court					
ĺ						

ACKSONWHITTE ATTORNEYS AT LAW A Professional Corporation A Professional Corporation A Professional Corporation

EXHIBIT B

1 Paul W. Holloway - 002046 (pholloway@hofklaw.com) Larry J. Wulkan - 021404 (lwulkan@hofklaw.com) HOLLOWAY ODEGARD FORREST & KELLY, P.C. 2 3101 North Central Avenue, Suite 1200 3 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 240-6670 4 Attorneys for Defendants City of Phoenix, Harris, Henry and Scott 5 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA 6 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA 7 8 PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK, on Case No: CV2009-092267 9 behalf of IGOR BRIK, a protected adult; PINKHAS and ISABELLA BRIK, 10 husband and wife, Plaintiffs, 11 NOTICE OF FILING OF NOTICE 12 v. OF REMOVAL MARICOPA COUNTY, a public entity; 13 JOSEPH M. ARPAIO, in his official and individual capacity, and AVA ARPAIO, his wife; CITY OF PHOENIX, a public 14 entity; JACK F. HARRIS, in his official 15 and individual capacity, and CONNIE HARRIS, his wife; SHAWN HENRY, 16 in his official and individual capacity, and JANE DOE HENRY, his wife; 17 CRAIG SCOTT, in his official and individual capacity, and JANE DOE 18 SCOTT, his wife, et al., 19 Defendants. 20 21 Defendants City of Phoenix, Harris, Henry and Scott hereby give notice that they 22 have filed this date, with the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, a 23 notice of removal of this action from the Superior Court of the State of Arizona, in and for 24 the County of Maricopa, to the United States District Court for the District of Arizona. A 25 copy of said notice of removal is attached hereto. 26 /// 2.7

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DATED this 24 day of August, 2009. 1 HOLLOWAY ODEGARD FORREST & KELLY, P.C. 2 3 4 5 ByPaul W. Holloway 6 Larry J. Wulkan 3101 North Central Avenue, Suite 1200 7 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 8 Attorneys for Defendants City of Phoenix, Harris. Henry and Scott 9 10 ORIGINAL of the foregoing filed with the Court. 11 COPY of the foregoing mailed this 12 August, 2009, to: 13 Jeremy S. Geigle, Esq. Jared E. Everton, Esq. JACKSON WHITE 14 15 40 North Center Street, Suite 200 Mesa, Arizona 85201 16 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 17 Robin E. Burgess, Esq. 18 SANDERS & PARKS, P.C. 3030 North Third Street, Suite 1300 19 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 Attorneys for Defendant Maricopa County 20 21 Richard A. Stewart, Esq. MARICOPA COUNTY OFFICE OF 22 SPECIAL LITIGATION SERVICES 23 234 North Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 24 Attorneys for Defendants Arpaio 25 26 Merens 27

SJS 44 (Rev. 12/07)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS		
Pinkas, Isabella and Ig	or Brik		Maricopa Count	y, Arpaio, City of Pho	enix, Harris, Henry and
(b) County of Residence	of First Listed Plaintiff Maricopa		County of Residence of	First Listed Defendant	Maricopa
(E	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES	,
				O CONDEMNATION CASES, US NYOLVED.	BETHE LOCATION OF THE
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name	, Address, and Telephone Number)		Attorneys (If Known)		
Jeremy S. Geigle, 40 N	. Center, Ste. 200, Mesa, AZ 85201		Paul W. Holloway	v & Larry Wulkan, 310	11 N. Central Ave., Ste.
<u> </u>		T	1200, Phoenix, A		
II. BASIS OF JURISI	OICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF PI (For Diversity Cases Only)	RINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)
U.S. Government Plaintiff	Z 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)		en of This State		PTF DEF
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) 	Citize	en of Another State	2 D 2 Incorporated and I of Business In .	
			en or Subject of a	3 🗖 3 Foreign Nation	☐ 6 ☐ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	j Fo	reign Country		
CONTRACT	TORTS	T KC	DRIFETTURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	PERSONAL INJURY □ 310 Airplane □ 362 Personal Injury Med. Malpracti Liability □ 365 Personal Injury	r- □ 62 ice □ 62	10 Agriculture 20 Other Food & Drug 25 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881	☐ 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 ☐ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	☐ 400 State Reapportionment ☐ 410 Antitrust ☐ 430 Banks and Banking ☐ 450 Commerce
☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 320 Assault, Libel & Product Liabilit	iy 🗀 63	30 Liquor Laws	PROPERTY RIGHTS	☐ 460 Deportation
& Enforcement of Judgment [] 151 Medicare Act	Stander		40 R.R. & Truck 50 Airline Regs,	820 Copyrights 830 Patent	☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted	Liability Liability 340 Marine PERSONAL PROPE		60 Occupational Safety/Health	☐ 840 Trademark	☐ 480 Consumer Credit☐ 490 Cable/Snt TV
Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	☐ 345 Marine Product ☐ 370 Other Fraud	□ 69	00 Other		☐ 810 Selective Service
☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	Liability 371 Truth in Lendin 350 Motor Vehicle 380 Other Personal		LABOR 10 Fair Labor Standards	SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff)	Bxchange
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Property Damag	ge	Act	☐ 862 Black Lung (923)	 875 Customer Challenge
☐ 190 Other Contract ☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	Product Liability 385 Property Damag		20 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 30 Labor/Mgmt.Reporting	 □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI 	12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury		& Disclosure Act	☐ 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS	☐ 891 Agricultural Acts ☐ 892 Economic Stabilization Act
REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation	☐ 441 Voting ☐ 510 Motious to Vac		40 Railway Labor Act 90 Other Labor Litigation	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	893 Environmental Matters
220 Foreclosure	7 442 Employment Sentence	□ 79	91 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party	☐ 894 Energy Allocation Act ☐ 895 Freedom of Information
 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 	443 Housing/ Habeas Corpus: Accommodations		Security Act	26 USC 7609	Act
245 Tort Product Liability	☐ 444 Welfare ☐ 535 Death Penalty ☐ 445 Amer, w/Disabilities - ☐ 540 Mandamus & C	ther 0 46	IMMIGRATION 52 Naturalization Application		☐ 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access
290 All Other Real Property	Employment 🔲 550 Civil Rights	□ 40	63 Habeas Corpus -		to Justice
	446 Amer, w/Disabilities - 555 Prison Conditio		Alien Detainee 65 Other Immigration		950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
	Øx 440 Other Civil Rights		Actions		
□ 1 Original 図 2 R	tate Court Appellate Court	Reo	pened anoth	ferred from	n Wagistrate
	Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you 42 U.S.C. \$ 1983	are filing	(Do not cite jurisdiction:	nl statutes unless diversity):	
VI. CAUSE OF ACT	Brief description of cause: Violations of constitutional right				
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	ON D	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND	y if demanded in complaint: e: Ø Yes □ No
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	SE(S) (See instructions): JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE	SIGNATURE OF A	ATTORNEY	OF RECORD		
8-2	4-09 s/Paul W. Hol	lloway			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					Market Market Comment of the Comment
RECEIPT#	AMOUNT APPLYING IFP		JUDGE _	MAG, JU	JDGE

SUPPLEMENTAL CIVIL COVER SHEET FOR CASES REMOVED FROM ANOTHER JURISDICTION

This form must be attached to the Civil Cover Sheet at the time the case is filed in the United States District Clerk's Office. Additional sheets may be used as necessary.

1. Style of the Case:

Please include all Plaintiff(s), Defendant(s), Intervenor(s), Counterclaimant(s), Crossclaimant(s) and Third Party Claimant(s) still remaining in the case and indicate their party type. Also, please list the attorney(s) of record for each party named and include their bar number, firm name, correct mailing address, and phone number (including area code).

<u>Party</u>	Party Type	Attorney(s)
Pinkhas and Isabella Brik, Igor Brik	Plaintiffs	Jeremy S. Geigle, Esq. Jared E. Everton, Esq. JACKSON WHITE 40 North Center Street Suite 200 Mesa, Arizona 85201
City of Phoenix, Jack Harris, Connie Harris, Shawn Henry, Jane Doe Henry, Craig Scott, Jane Doe Scott	Defendants	Paul W. Holloway, Esq. Larry J. Wulkan, Esq. HOLLOWAY ODEGARD FORREST & KELLY 3101 North Central Avenue Suite 1200 Phoenix, Arizona 85012
Maricopa County	Defendants	Robin E. Burgess, Esq. SANDERS & PARKS, P.C. 3030 North Third Street Suite 1300 Phoenix, Arizona 85012

Joseph M. Arpaio and Defendants Richard A. Stewart, Esq.
Ava Arpaio MARICOPA COUNTY
OFFICE OF SPECIAL
LITIGATION SERVICES
234 North Central Avenue
Phoenix, Arizona 85004

2. Jury Demand:

Was a Jury Demand made in another jurisdiction? Yes X No

If "Yes," by which party and on what date?

Plaintiffs – July 7, 2009

3. Answer:

Was an Answer made in another jurisdiction? Yes___ No_X

If "Yes," by which party and on what date?

4. Served Parties:

The following parties have been served at the time this case was removed:

<u>Party</u>	<u>Date Served</u>	Method of Service
City of Phoenix	July 31, 2009	In Person
Jack Harris	July 31, 2009	In Person
Shawn Henry	August 5, 2009	In Person
Craig Scott	August 5, 2009	In Person
Maricopa County	August 3, 2009	In Person
Joseph M. Arpaio	August 3, 2009	In Person

5. Unserved Parties:

The following parties have not been served at the time this case was removed:

Party Reason Not Served

None

6. Nonsuited, Dismissed or Terminated Parties:

Please indicate changes from the style of the papers from another jurisdiction and the reason for the change:

Party Reason for Change

N/A

7. Claims of the Parties:

The filing party submits the following summary of the remaining claims of each party in this litigation:

Party Claim(s)

Plaintiffs Claims for damages pursuant to 42

U.S.C. § 1983; alleged violations of constitutional rights as guaranteed by the 4th, 8th and 14th Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and

various state law claims.

Defendants Deny any allegations of wrongdoing.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a) a copy of all process, pleadings, and orders served in another jurisdiction (State Court) shall be filed with this removal.